

SEHEMU C: (Alama 10)

6. Soma kifungu cha habari kifuatacho, kisha jibu maswali

Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania ni muunganiko wa nchi mbili huru ambazo ni Tanganyika na Zanzibar. Tanganyika ilipata uhuru wake tarehe 9, Desemba 1961 kutoka kwa wakoloni wa Kiingereza, Mwalimu Julias Kambarage Nyerere aliongoza harakati za kupigania uhuru kupitia chama cha Tanganyika African National Union (TANU).

Zanzibar iliongozwa na hayati Sheikh Abeid Amani Karume kupitia chama cha Afro Shirazi Party (ASP). Ilipata uhuru wake kupitia njia ya Mapinduzi yaliyofanyika tarehe 12 Januari 1964.

Nchi hizi mbili ziliungana tarehe 26 April 1964 na kuunda Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania. Baada ya Muungano huo Hayati Mwalimu Julias Kambarage Nyerere akawa Rais wa kwanza wa Tanzania na Hayati Sheikh Abeid Amani Karume akawa Makamu wa kwanza wa Rais.

MASWALI

- i. Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania iliundwa tarehe _____
- ii. Taja majina ya viongozi wa vyama vya siasa walioviongoza vyama vyao katika kupigania uhuru wa nchi hizi mbili
 - (a) _____
 - (b) _____
- iii. Andika kwa kifupi majina ya vyama vilivyoongoza harakati za kupigania uhuru wa Tanganyika na Zanzibar
 - (a) _____
 - (b) _____
- iv. Baada ya kuundwa Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania, kiongozi wa Afro Shirazi Party alipewa cheo gani? _____
- v. Taja tarehe ambazo nchi hizi mbili zilipata uhuru wake
 - (a) _____
 - (b) _____

OFISI YA RAIS TAMISEMI HALMASHAURI YA WILAYA YA CHAMWINO MTIHANI WA UTAMILIFU - APRIL 2024 URAI NA MAADILI - DARASA LA VII

JINA: _____

SHULE: _____

MAELEKEZO KWA MTAHINIWA:

1. Mtihani huu una maswali 6
2. Jibu maswali yote kwa usahihi na kwa kufauata maelekezo ya kila swali
3. Kazi yako iwe NADHIFU
4. Kumbuka kuandika JINA lako na jina la SHULE yako

Muda: Saa 1.30

SEHEMU A: (Alama 20)

- 1. Chagua jibu sahihi kisha andika herufi ya jibu katika kisanduku**
 - i. Muongozo unaohusu mbinu za kupanga mipango ya maendeleo ya shule hutumiwa na nani? (a) Mwalimu Mkuu (b) Mwalimu mkuu msaidizi (c) Uongozi wa shule (d) Serikali ya kijiji (e) Serikali ya Kata []
 - ii. Shule ni sehemu ya jamii ambapo mwanafunzi hupata elimu. Vifuatavyo ni vitu muhimu kwa ajili ya maendeleo ya shule isipokuwa (a) Maji (b) vinywaji baridi (c) vifaa (d) chakula (e) umeme []
 - iii. Mahusiano mema baina ya wanajamii ni chachu ya maendeleo. Mahusiano mabaya huleta athari gani? (a) Vurugu na upendo (b) chuki na upendo (c) umaskini na ujinga (d) migogoro na mapigano (e) umbea na umaskini []
 - iv. Nachora ana umri wa miaka 12 na anasoma darasa la tano katika shule ya msingi Chekeni Mwasonga. Atakuwa katika ngazi gani ya elimu atakapopata haki ya kikatiba ya kupiga kura?
 - (a) Darasa la saba (b) kidato cha kwanza (c) kidato cha pili
 - (d) kidato cha tatu (e) kidato cha nne []
 - v. Mimi ni sehemu ya nembo ya Taifa, ninawakilisha ardhi yenye rutuba katika nchi ya Tanzania. Mimi ni nani? (a) bibi na bwana [] (b) pembe za ndovu (c) sehemu nyekundu (d) nyundo (e) pamba
 - vi. Kwa nini ni muhimu kwa wanafunzi kuuliza maswali darasani? []
 - (a) kuweza kufundishana (b) kudumisha nidhamu ya darasa (c) kuweza kujulikana (d) kuwafurahisha walimu (e) kuweza kupata ufafanuzi zaidi
 - vii. Mila na desturi ni vipengele muhimu sana katika jamii yoyote ile duniani. Hata hivyo zipo mila na desturi zilizopitwa na wakati, ipi kati ya zifuatazo haipo katika mila zilizopitwa na wakati?
 - (a) kuheshimu wazee (b) mauaji ya vikongwe na albino
 - (c) ndoa za utotoni (d) ukeketaji (e) kurithi wajane []

- viii. Hali ya taifa moja kutotawaliwa na taifa jingine huitwa Uhuru. Jukumu la kulinda uhuru na moja wa Taifa letu ni la nani? (a) askari polisi [] (b) jeshi la wananchi (c) suma TKT (d) kila mwananchi (e) askari wa mipaka
- ix. Lipi kati ya mambo yafuatayo "halihusiki" katika uchafuzi wa vyanzo vya maji (a) kulima kandokando ya mito (b) kufua nguo mtoni (c) kuoga mtoni (d) kukojoa pembezoni mwa mto (e) kutumia njia salama za uvuvi []
- x. Rushwa ni adui wa haki na ni kikwazo cha maendeleo duniani. Ni namba ipi utapiga kuwajulisha wahusika wa kupambana na kudhibiti rushwa (a) 111 (b) 911 (c) 113 (d) 112 (e) 115 []

2. Oanisha kwa usahihi maelezo kutoka kifungu 'A' kwa kuandika herufi ya jibu sahihi kutoka kifungu 'B'

FUNGU 'A'

- i. Umoja wa kitaifa []
- ii. Zimamoto []
- iii. Uaminifu []
- iv. Utu []
- v. Uzalendo []

FUNGU 'B'

- A: Kujitoa kufanya kazi kwa juhudi na maarifa ili kuiletea jamii yako maendeleo
- B: Watu, fedha, ardhi na muda
- C: Matokeo ya uhusiano mzuri katika jamii
- D: Kuamini kila unachoambiwa
- E: Kitendo cha kuzuia kitu au vitu visiendeleo kuteketea kwa moto
- F: Gari jekundu lenye king'ora na taa za tahadhari
- G: Kuwa na nguvu ya pamoja katika masuala ya kitaifa
- H: Hali ya kuwa na tabia nzuri za kibinadamu
- I: Kuthamini utu
- J: Taifa moja lenye nguvu na uwezo kiuchumi

3. Jaza nafasi zilizoachwa wazi

- i. Mawazo alikataa kukaa dawati moja na mwanafunzi mwenye ulemavu wa ngozi, Tabia hii ya mawazo huitwaje? _____
- ii. Mtendaji mkuu wa Halmashauri ya Wilaya ambaye huteuliwa na Rais wa Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania ni _____
- iii. Andiko lenye utaratibu maalumu wa jinsi ya kuratibu shughuli mbalimbali zinazofanyika bila malipo au kulazimishwa _____

- iv. Sheria hutungwa na Bunge. Chombo kinachotumika kutafsiri sheria ili kutoa haki huitwa _____
- v. Mfumo wa serikali unaokubali uamuzi wa watu wengi katika kuongoza serikali kwa manufaa ya wote ni _____

SEHEMU B (Alama 20)

4. Kamilisha jedwali lifuatalo kwa kujaza taarifa zilizokosekana

		MUDA		
NA	JINA LA RAIS	KIPINDI	KUANDIA	KUMALIZA
i		AWAMU YA TANO	2015	2021
ii	ALI HASSAN MWINYI	AWAMU YA PILI		1995
iii	JAKAYA MRISHO KIKWETE		2005	2015
iv		AWAMU YA SITA	2021	HADI SASA
v	BENJAMIN WILIAM MKAPA	AWAMU YA TATU		

5. Jaza nafasi zilizoachwa wazi kwa kuandika majibu mafupi

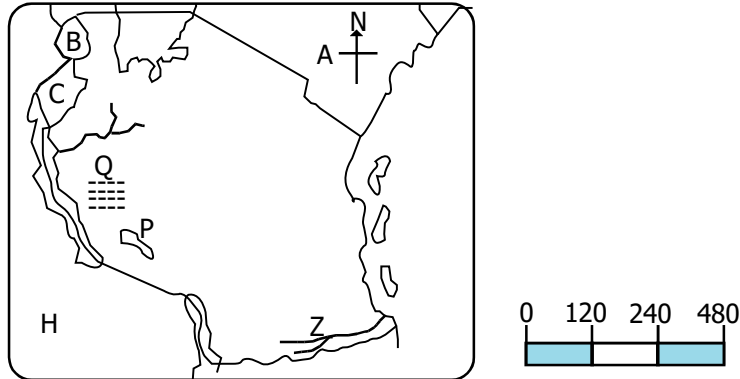
- i. Msaidizi wa Mkuu wa Wilaya anayechaguliwa na Rais na kuapishwa na mkuu wa wilaya ambaye pia ndiye muandaaji wa sherehe na matukio ya kitaifa katika wilaya _____
- ii. Mwalimu wa Uraia na Maadili aliwashauri wanafunzi kujiepusha na mazingira hatarishi. Taja sehemu mbili ambazo sio mazingira hatarishi (a) _____ (b) _____
- iii. Vitu muhimu na vya thamani vinavyomilikiwa na nchi, shirika au mtu binafsi _____
- iv. Bunge la Jamhuri ya Muungano wa Tanzania lina sehemu kuu mbili. Zitaje (a) _____ (b) _____
- v. Taja vyama viwili vya siasa vya upinzani nchini Tanzania (a) _____ (b) _____

6. Kuanzia karne ya 20 Tanganyika iliwekwa chini ya utawala wa Kiingereza
- Ni tukio gani la kihistoria lilitokea duniani na athari zake zikapelekea Tanganyika kuwa chini ya utawala wa Kiingereza
 - Taja aina ya utawala waliyotumia waingereza katika kutawala Tanganyika

SEHEMU C

7. KUSOMA RAMANI NA UJUZI WA KUKOKOTOA

Soma ramani ya Tanzania ifuatayo kisha jibu maswali yafuatayo i -



MASWALI

- Andika jina la ziwa lililooneshwa kwa herufi P _____
- Ni mfumo gani wa skeli uliotumika kwenye hii ramani? _____
- Herufi Z inawakilisha mto gani ulioko mpakani mwa Tanzania? _____
- Herufi Q inawakilisha mbuga gani ya wanyama? _____
- Mkutano wa viongozi wa nchi za umoja wa mataifa (UN) juu ya mabadiliko ya hali ya hewa duniani ambao Rais Samia anatarajia kushiriki umepangwa kufanyika katika mji wa Sydney - Australia uliopo nyuzi 150° Mashariki. Kama Waziri wa mazingira ataanza kufatilia mkutano huo siku ya Jumatatu saa 5:00 usiku, Kigali - Rwanda iliyopo nyuzi 30° Mashariki, muda gani na siku ipi mkutano utaanza huko Sydney - Australia?

OFISI YA RAIS TAMISEMI
HALMASHAURI YA WILAYA YA CHAMWINO
MTIHANI WA UTAMILIFU - APRIL 2024
MAARIFA YA JAMII NA STADI ZA KAZI - DARASA LA VII

JINA: _____ **SHULE:** _____

MAELEKEZO KWA MTAHINIWA:

- Mtihani huu una maswali 7
- Jibu maswali yote kwa usahihi na kwa kufauata maelekezo ya kila swali
- Kazi yako iwe NADHIFU
- Kumbuka kuandika JINA lako na jina la SHULE yako

Muda: Saa 1.30

SEHEMU A: (Alama 20)

- Chagua jibu sahihi kisha andika herufi ya jibu katika kisanduku**
 - Mwaka 2016, Mkoa wa Kagera ulikumbwa na kuyumba na kutikisika kwa ardhi hali iliyopelekea uharibifu wa makazi ya watu, miundo mbinu na vifo vya watu. Lipi ni jina la janga hili? (a) Sunami (b) Maporomoko ya ardhi (c) Moto (d) Tetemeko la ardhi (e) mlipuko wa volkano []
 - Mwalimu wa darasa la saba, mwalimu Chaijaba aliwambia wanafunzi kuwa mwanadamu aligundua moto kwa kupekecha vijiti vikavu viwili. Vijiti hivyo viliitwa ___ (a) Uwimbombo wa jiwe (b) undimbo na ulindi (c) uwimbombo na ulindi (d) Ulindi na miti - miba (e) majani na uwimbombo []
 - Usafirishaji wa sekta muhimu kwa maendeleo ya kiuchumi ya nchi yoyote. Tanzania na Zambia ziliweka juhudi kubwa kwa kujenga bomba la mafuta. Jina gani lilipewa na kupendekezwa kuitwa kwa hilo bomba? (a) TAZARA (b) TARAZA (c) TAMAZA (d) TAZAMA (e) TAOMA []
 - Kutunza mifugo mingi katika eneo dogo husababisha uharibifu wa mazingira. Upi na uharibifu hasi unaotokana na kutunza mifugo mingi katika eneo dogo. (a) Wafugaji huchoka (b) Mmomonyoko wa udongo (c) malisho kuongezeka (d) mifugo hunenepa zaidi (e) uoto kukua vizuri []
 - Bwana Chakubango alitembelea safu za milima ya Usambara na kubaini kuwa upande wa Mashariki wa mlima una uoto wa kijani uliostawi na upande wa magharibi una vichaka vilivyotawanyika na majani makavu. Hali hiyo huchangiwa na kipi kati ya vifuatavyo? (a) upepo (b) mwinuko (c) latitudo (d) milima na mabonde (e) umbali kutoka baharini []
 - Aina tofauti za mazao hulimwa sehemu mbalimbali za nchi yetu. Ni mikoa gani kati ya ifuatavyo ni maarufu kwa kilimo cha tumbaku? (a) Tanga, Morogoro na Mara (b) Tabora, Ruvuma na Katavi (c) Iringa, Mwanza na Kilimanjaro (d) Dar es Slaam, Arusha na Kilimanjaro (e) Tanga, Mbeya na Rukwa []

- vii. Bwana Pilipili alifundisha wanafunzi sifa za vitu mbalimbali vinavyounda mfumo wa jua. Ni kitu gani katika mfumo wa jua kinapatikana katikati ya obiti ya Mirihi na Sumbula []
 (a) sayari (b) jua (c) mwezi (d) asteroidi (e) nyota
- viii. Wanafunzi wa darasa la tano wanapanga kutembelea maeneo ya kumbukumbu za kihistoria ya kale mahali yalipotunzwa. Ni sehemu ipi ilipangwa kutembelewa na wanafunzi?
 (a) kumbukumbu kwa maandishi (b) jengo la makumbusho []
 (c) sehemu zenye masalia ya kale (d) mbuga za taifa (e) eneo la kaole
- ix. Siku moja wanafunzi wa darasa la sita shule ya msingi Mbuyuni walitembelea moja ya soko la madini Tanzania walikuta madini yenye thamani, ambapo wana jiolojia waliwaambia kuwa kazi mojawapo ya madini hayo ni kutengeneza mabomu ya nyukiria. Jina la madini hayo ni sehemu iliyotembelewa na wanafunzi ni__ (a) Ulanga - Morogoro []
 (b) Almasi - Mwadui (c) Uraniamu - Bahi (d) Tanzanaite (e) Dhahabu - Geita
- x. Kutoka Tanzania, watumwa walikuwa wakipelekwa mashariki ya kati ambako walifanya kazi mbalimbali. Shughuli ipi kati ya hizi haikufanywa na watumwa? (a) walifanya kazi katika mashamba makubwa (b) walitumika kama watumwa majumbani (c) walitumika kama chombo cha starehe (d) walikuwa wafanyabiashara barani Asia (e) walitumika kama vibarua kwenye shughuli za ujenzi []
- xi. Umeulizwa na mwalimu wako wa stadi za kazi kutaja umuhimu wa kupiga pasi na kusafisha sare za shule ipi kati ya zifuatazo haitafaa?
 (a) kuondoa mikunjo (b) kuua vimelea visababishavyo magonjwa (c) kufanya nguo ing'ae na kuvutia (d) kutumia sabuni kwa wingi ili zinunuliwe zingine (e) kuhimiza utanashati wa watoto []
- xii. Mwajuma aliandaa viambaupishi vifuatavyo, chumvi, ngano, hamira, sukari na mafuta ya kupikia, ni chakula kipi kati ya vifuatavyo vilikuwa vinaandaliwa____ []
 (a) nyama za kukaanga (b) nyama choma (c) mkate (d) kababu (e) wali
- xiii. Unadhifu husaidia mwili kukua na kuwa na nguvu. Zifuatazo ni hatua za kuzingatia wakati na kusafisha mwili ISIPOKUWA____
 (a) kuosha mwili mzima (b) kuvaa nguo (c) kupaka mafuta au losheni (d) kukausha mwili (e) kuosha vyombo []
- xiv. Ala za muziki ni zana zinazotumika wakati wa kuimba na kucheza, kwa ujumla kuna makundi matano ya ala za muziki, kundi lipi sio sahihi
 (a) ala za kupuliza (b) ala za ngoma (c) ala za kugonga (d) ala za nyuzi (e) ala za kutoa sauti []
- xv. Hasani ni mjasiriamali aliyejiri watu nane (8) kwenye mradi wake. Yupo katika kundi gani la wajasiriamali? (a) ujasiriamali biashara ndogo (b) ujasiriamali biashara ndogo ndogo (c) ujasiriamali biashara wakati (d) ujasiriamali biashara kubwa (e) ujasiriamali wa kijamii []

2. Oanisha vipengele vifuatavyo kutoka kundi 'A' na 'B' kwa kufuata mpangilio sahihi

KUNDI 'A'

- i. Ngoma ya asili ya kimakonde []
 ii. Madini yanayotumika kwa kutengeneza nyaya za umeme []
 iii. Kipimo maalumu cha unyevunyevu ni []
 iv. Mtu anayechora ramani []
 v. Kivuli kamili kinachotokea wakati wa kupatwa kwa jua []

KUNDI 'B'

- | | | |
|------------|-------------|--------------|
| A: Milibaa | B: Asilmia | C: Katografa |
| D: Umbra | E: Penumbra | F: Almasi |
| G: Shaba | H: Sindimba | I: Mdumange |

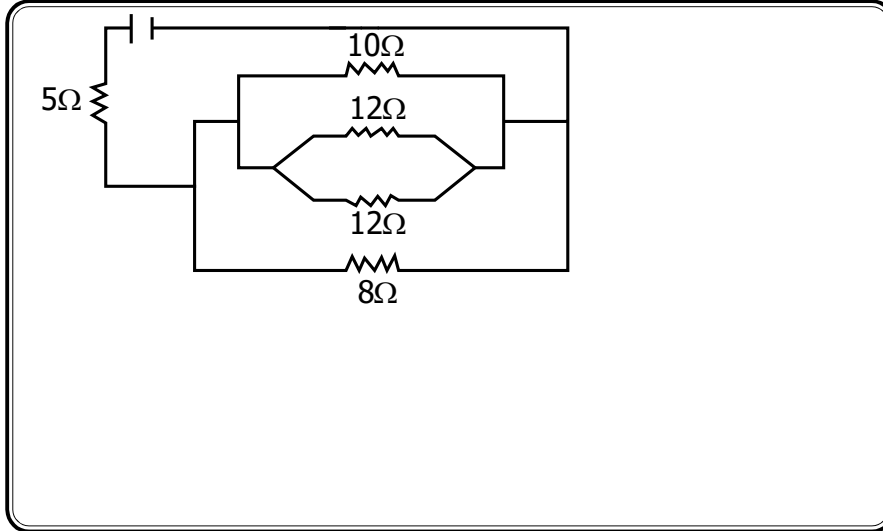
SEHEMU B: Majibu mafupi

3. i. Eleza kwa kifupi malengo mawili ya jumuiya ya maendeleo ya nchi za kusini mwa Afrika (SADC)
 (a) _____ (b) _____
- ii. Mangula ni mwanafunzi wa darasa la sita, siku moja aliulizwa na mwalimu wake wa maarifa ya jamii na kuelezwa kuwa, wastani wa hali ya anga unaopimwa katika sehemu fulani na kwa kipindi kifupi huitwa hali ya hewa. Je, ni nani ama mtu aliyebobea kwenye utaalumu wa mambo ya hali ya hewa? Je lipi lilikuwa jibu la Mangula? _____
- iii. Mwaka 1964, Nelson Mandela alifungwa kifungo cha maisha na serikali ya Makaburu. Ipi ilikuwa ni sababu ya kifungo chake?

4. i. Njia inayotumiwa na sayari kulizunguka jua huitwa _____
- ii. Kwa kifupi eneo faida asili za jua kwenye mazingira yetu
 (a) _____ (b) _____
- iii. Taja njia mbili zinazoweza kuchochea maendeleo ya kilimo ya nchi yetu
 (a) _____ (b) _____
5. i. Watu wa Karagwe hupendelea kufunika migomba yao kwa kutumia majani ya miti na majani kuhifadhi unyevu na kuimarisha hali ya udongo. Kitendo hiki huitwa _____
- ii. Ngonjera ni nini? _____

SEHEMU C: Picha, mchoro na kukokotoa (Alama 10)

7. i. Tafuta jumla ya ukinzani katika sakiti hapo chini



- ii. Chunguza mpambano ufuatao kati ya asidi na metali
 $\text{Na} + \text{HCl} \longrightarrow \text{NaCl} + \text{X}$. Herufi x imewakilisha nini? _____
- iii. Wanafunzi wa darasa la tano katika shule ya msingi Mumba walitakiwa kubadili 25°C kuwa fareniheti. Wewe ukiwa kama mwanafunzi katika shule hiyo tafuta jibu sahihi.

8. i. Wakati wa usanisinuru mmea hujitengenezea chakula chake kwa kutumia maji, hewa ya ukaa, klorofili na mwanga wa jua. Thibitisha sentensi hii kwa kuandika mpambano huo wa kikemikali wa usanisinuru.

- ii. Viumbe hai wapo katika makundi makuu mawili, mimea na wanyama. Mimea imegawanyika katika makundi mawili. Je, makundi hayo ni yapi?
 (a) _____ (b) _____

**OFISI YA RAIS TAMISEMI
 HALMASHAURI YA WILAYA YA CHAMWINO
 MTHANI WA UTAMILIFU - APRIL 2024
 SAYANSI NA TEKNOLOJIA - DARASA LA VII**

JINA: _____ SHULE: _____

MAELEKEZO KWA MTAHINIWA:

1. Mthani huu una maswali 8
2. Jibu maswali yote kwa usahihi na kwa kufauata maelekezo ya kila swali
3. Kazi yako iwe NADHIFU
4. Kumbuka kuandika JINA lako na jina la SHULE yako

Muda: Saa 1.30

SEHEMU A: CHAGUA JIBU SAHIHI (Alama 20)

1. i. Mchakato au kitendo cha molekyle za maji kusafiri kutoka sehemu yenye ukolevu hafifu kwenda kwenye sehemu yenye ukolevu mzito huitwa ____
 (a) Difyusheni (b) Usanisi nuru (c) Osmosis (d) Transipirasheni
 (e) Kuzaliana []
- ii. Mwalimu wa darasa la sita aliwafundisha wanafunzi kuwa wanyama na mimea vipo katika kundi fulani. Unadhani wanafunzi walitaja kundi gani?
 (a) Daikoliledoni (b) Viumbe hai (c) Amfibia (d) Reptilia
 (e) Viumbe visivyohai []
- iii. Toroli ni mashine rahisi inayotumika kubeba mizigo kutoka sehemu moja kwenda sehemu nyingine. Upi ni mpangilio sahihi wa nyenzo katika toroli?
 (a) Jitihada ipo kati ya egemeo na tairi (b) mzigo upo kati ya jitihada na egemeo (c) jitihada ipo kati ya egemeo na mzigo (d) egemeo ipo kati ya jitihada na mzigo (e) egemeo ipo kati ya mzigo na tairi []
- iv. Kwa nini wakina mama wanashauriwa kuwanyonyesha watoto wao angalau kwa miaka miwili? (a) maziwa hufanya watoto wale (b) maziwa huwafanya watoto walale (c) maziwa wanavirutubisho vyote (d) watoto wanapenda maziwa (e) kama hawatawanyonyesha, watoto watalia []
- v. Mirija miyembamba ambayo husafirisha maji na virutubisho kutoka ardhini kwenda kwenye mmea kupitia mizizi huitwa ____ []
 (a) Floemu (b) Epidemisi (c) Kloroplasti (d) Zailemu (e) Vena
- vi. Mwalimu Dogo aliwapatia wanafunzi wake mashine rahisi yenye mwendo dhahiri wa 20 na manufaa yake ya kimakanika ni 10. Kokotoa ufanisi wa mashine hiyo rahisi (a) 150% (b) 128% (c) 100% (d) 50% (e) 75% []
- vii. Mkuu wa Wilaya aliishauri jamii kuweka vyoo vyao katika hali ya usafi kwa lengo la kujikinga dhidi ya magonjwa. Je, ni gonjwa lipi kati ya haya limezungumziwa?
 (a) malaria (b) Ukimwi (c) Kipindupindu (d) seli mundu (e) puru []

- viii. Miongoni mwa viumbe hai hawa yupi ni viviporasi? []
 (a) mjusti (b) mbuni (c) kuku (d) pomboo (e) mamba
- ix. Maganga aliandika neno FAO kwenye karatasi kuweka mbele ya kioo bapa. Ni taswira ipi itajitokeza kwenye kioo hicho?
 (a) OAF (b) FAO (c) OAF (d) OFA (e) AOF []
- x. Baadhi ya wanyama wanauwezo wa kuishi maeneo ya jangwani kutokana na uwezo wao wa kutunza maji na chakula kwa muda mrefu. Ni mnyama yupi kati ya hawa wafuatao anatabia hiyo?
 (a) Ngamia (b) simba (c) kobe (d) kaa (e) chura []

2. Oanisha maneno katika orodha 'A' na orodha 'B' na uandike jibu katika kisanduku

ORODHA 'A'

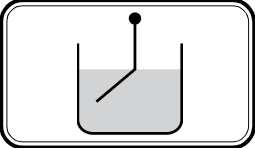
- i. $C_6H_{12}O_6$ []
 ii. Imechukua nafasi kubwa katika anga []
 iii. Hali inayopelekea chuma kupata kutu []
 iv. Tarakilishi []
 v. Kujongea []

ORODHA 'B'

- A: Uwezo wa kiumbe hai kutoka sehemu moja kwenda sehemu nyingine
 B: Zao la usanisinuru
 C: Naitrojeni
 D: Maji na hewa ya Oksijeni
 E: Kifaa chenye uwezo wa kupokea, kuchakata na kuhifadhi taarifa kulingana na maelekezo

3. Jaza nafasi zilizoachwa wazi kwa kuandika jibu sahihi

- i. Mtaalamu anayetengeneza, kutoa na kusimamia matumizi ya dawa huitwa _____
- ii. Baada ya kupata majibu ya vipimo kutoka maabara, Daktari alimwambia Mwambenja alikuwa anasumbuliwa na malaria. Ni vijidudu gani vilipatikana katika damu ya Mwambenja? _____
- iii. Sehemu gani katika mfumo wa uzazi wa mwanaume hufanya kazi mbili tofauti, katika mifumo miwili tofauti. Mfumo wa uzazi na mfumo wa utoaji takamwili? _____

- iv.  Kapita alifanya jaribio kama linavyoonekana katika kielelezo. Jaribio lilidhihirisha kuwa mwanga husafiri na _____ unapotoka media moja kwenda nyingine.

- v. Hatua ya kwanza ya uchunguzi wa kisayansi ni _____

SEHEMU B: Majibu mafupi (Alama 20)

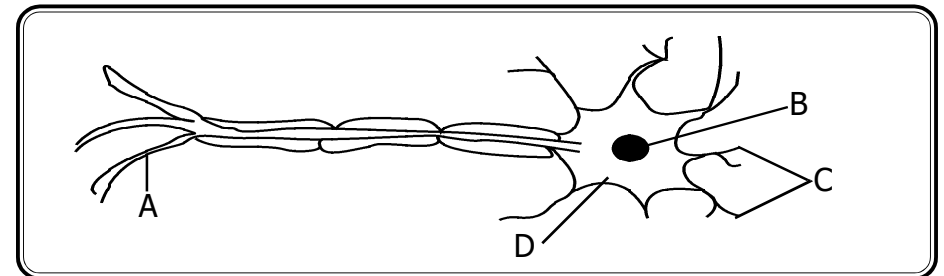
4. Orodhesha mawakala watatu wa uchavushaji katika maua

- i. _____
 ii. _____
 iii. _____

5. Eleza kwa kifupi maneno yafuatayo

- i. Badiliko la kiumbo _____
 ii. Antena _____
 iii. Mlo kamili _____

6. Chunguza mchoro hapo chini kisha jibu maswali



- i. Herufi A inawakilisha _____
 ii. Herufi B inawakilisha _____
 iii. Sehemu iliyowalalishwa na herufi C ina umuhimu gani?

 iv. Herufi D inawakilisha _____

Toka kama mlizamu, juu kwa wingi furika,
Uoneshe umuhimu, kwa wasia kutamka,
Ndipo waingiwe hamu, mapajani kukuweka,
Titi la mama ni tamu, Jingine haliishi hamu.

Maswali

- i. Shairi hili linahusu nini? _____
- ii. Andika kirefu cha neno "Sifayo" kama lilivyotumika katika mshororo wa kwanza wa shairi _____
- iii. Kipande cha pili katika mshororo huitwa _____
- iv. Kanuni gani inaelekeza kwamba vina vya mwisho katika shairi la kimapokeo vifanane? _____
- v. Hili ni shairi la aina gani? _____

SEHEMU C: UTUNGAJI (Alama 10)

Chunguza barua rasmi ifuatayo kisha jibu maswali yanayofuata

Shule ya msingi Mchamba wima
S.L.P 30006
KIBWENA

Tafadhali husika na barua hii

Mimi ni mwanafunzi wa darasa la saba katika shule yako. Ninaomba ruhusa ya kushiriki mashindano ya kanda ambayo yatafanyika katika uwanja wa hatujuani siku ya jumatano. Mashindano hayo yataanza mnamo saa 3:00 asubuhi na kuhitimishwa saa 9:000 alasiri.

Asante.

6. Baada ya kukamilisha kuandika barua hiyo mtoro aliambiwa na mwalimu wake kuwa barua yake ina mapungufu mengi na kufanya ikose sifa ya kuitwa barua rasmi. Taja vipengele vitano vinavyokosekana katika barua hiyo.
 - i. _____
 - ii. _____
 - iii. _____
 - iv. _____
 - v. _____

OFISI YA RAIS TAMISEMI HALMASHAURI YA WILAYA YA CHAMWINO MTIHANI WA UTAMILIFU - APRILI 2024 KISWAHILI - DARASA LA VII

JINA: _____

SHULE: _____

MAELEKEZO KWA MTAHINIWA:

1. Mtihani huu una maswali 6
2. Jibu maswali yote kwa usahihi na kwa kufauata maelekezo ya kila swali
3. Kazi yako iwe NADHIFU
4. Kumbuka kuandika JINA lako na jina la SHULE yako

Muda: Saa 1.30

SEHEMU A: UFAHAMU WA KUSIKILIZA

1. Sikiliza habari itakayosomwa na mwalimu kisha jibu maswali kwa kuchagua herufi ya jibu sahihi

- i. Zao gani linatajwa kuwa la ajabu katika kifungu hiki cha habari ulichokisikiliza? (a) karafuu (b) pamba (c) nazi (d) kahawa (e) chai []
- ii. Chimbuko la minazi ni wapi? []
(a) India (b) Pemba (c) Uarabuni (d) Pwani (e) Zanzibar
- iii. Zao la mnazi lilifika lini Afrika ya Mashariki? []
(a) miaka elfu tatu iliyopita (b) mwanzoni mwa karne ya kumi na tano (c) mwishoni mwa karne ya kumi na tano (d) katikati ya karne ya kumi na tano (e) miaka elfu mbili iliyopita
- iv. Ni maeneo gani ambapo huwezi kukosa kuona minazi? []
(a) Bara (b) Kaskazini (c) Pwani (d) Magharibi (e) Kusini
- v. Neno karne kama tulivyotajwa katika kifungu cha habari lina maana ya kipindi cha miaka mingapi? []
(a) kumi (b) elfu mbili (c) mia moja (d) elfu tatu (e) elfu moja

2. Chagua herufi ya jibu sahihi

- i. Maji baridi ni msomi wa chuo kikuu. Kitenzi kinachotokana na nomino "msomi" ni kipi? []
(a) Msomaji (b) elimu (c) kisomo (d) somo (e) kusoma
- ii. Neno lipi linakamilisha kitendawili hiki "Liwali amekonda sana lakini hana _____" []
(a) sindano (b) raha (c) furaha (d) dawa (e) fimbo
- iii. Masurupwete _____ mwanafunzi aliyefanya vizuri zaidi katika masomo yake. Neno lipi linakamilisha setensi hii?
(a) ndo (b) ndiyo (c) ndie (d) ndiye (e) ndio []
- iv. Mtumwa wa kiume hujulikana kwa jina gani? []
(a) Mtwana (b) mjakazi (c) kijana (d) shababi (e) yaya
- v. Nzinyangwa ana tabia ya kuwanyamazisha wenzake wanapopiga kelele darasani wakati yeye ndiye anayeongoza kupiga kelele. Ni methali ipi utaitumia kuelezea tabia ya zinyangwa? (a) Dawa ya moto ni moto (b) usitukane wakunga na uzazi ungalipo (c) kata pua uunge wajih (d) Nyani haoni kundude (e) mwisho a ubaya aibu []
- vi. Nini maana wa neno thenashara? []
(a) moja (b) saba (c) sita (d) kenda (e) kumi na mbili
- vii. Mwalimu aliwaasa wanafunzi wasome kwa bidii. Nomino ipi inatokana na kubadilishwa kwa kitenzi asa?
(a) uasi (b) wosia (c) onyo (d) asi (e) ushauri []
- viii. Wananchi walisimama kidete kupinga nyumba zao kubomolewa ili kupisha upanuzi wa barabara. Kifungu cha maneno kati ya hivi vifuatavyo kinafanua nahau "kusimama kidete"? []
(a) walipanga njama (b) walisimama madhubuti bila woga
(c) walikubaliana na uamuzi (d) walipinga uamuzi (e) waliomba fidia
- ix. Semi fupi zinazotumia maneno ya kawaida, lakini yakiwa na maana iliyojificha na iliyo tofauti na maana ya kawaida huitwaje? []
(a) Ngonjera (b) Methali (c) vitendawili (d) ushauri (e) Nahau
- x. Mtoto wa ng'ombe hujulikana kama ndama, mtoto wa simba ni shibli, mtoto wa mamba huitwaje? []
(a) kitungule (b) kigwena (c) ndamba (d) nyamawa (e) kigungu

3. Katika sehemu hii oanisha sehemu 'A' na sehemu 'B' kwa kuandika herufi ya jibu sahihi

SEHEMU 'A'

- i. Mshororo wa pili katika ubeti wa shairi []
ii. Piga kite []
iii. Kitabu cha mashairi []
iv. Mtu anayewinda []
v. Kikembe cha nyuki []

SEHEMU 'B'

- A: Utao B: Kutunza siri C: Diwani
D: Mloto E: Nyapara F: Msasi
G: Mwandamo H: Jana

SEHEMU B (Alama 20)

4. Katika sehemu hii kamilisha sentensi kadri uliyoulizwa kwenye kipengele husika

- i. Ubao umekatika, katika neno umekatika kiambishi kinachoonesha ngeli ni kipi? _____
- ii. Humo _____ alimojificha yule mwizi. Neno gani lina kamilisha sentensi hiyo
- iii. Tegua kitendawili hiki "Funza huyu wa ajabu" _____
- iv. "Umeme, gesi, mkaa, kuni" kwa neno moja huitwa _____
- v. Sikupata hata _____ la usingizi usiku wa kuamkia leo. Neno gani linakamilisha sentensi hiyo?

5. Soma shairi lifuatalo kisha jibu maswali yanayofuata

Kiswahili naazimu, sifayo inayokubwa,
Kwa wasiokufahamu, niimbe ilivyokubwa,
Toka kama chemchemu, furika palipozibwa,
Titi la mama ni tamu, jingine haliishi hamu.

6. Read the following passage carefully and then answer the questions that follow

In science, we learn about food chain. There is a whole series of interdependence between plants and animals. When you watch closely on it you will discover that one of them in the whole system suffers much. We learn that the plants produce food for herbivores and omnivores.

Carnivores feed **happily** on the herbivores and omnivores feed on both plants and fresh. Most plants only wait when all these are dead to feed on them. All in all, the carnivore enjoys the most because it is not affected by any group when it is alive. However, plants suffer a lot because without it, perhaps there would be no life because its dependence to others is very negligible.

QUESTIONS

- i. How many groups of animals are mentioned in the passage?

- ii. Which among the mentioned things make others to survive?

- iii. _____ is the life circle described in the given passage
- iv. Interdependence mentioned in the passage is between _____ and _____
- v. The bolded word in the passage is in which part of speech?

SECTION C: (10 MARKS)

7. Arrange the sentences so as to make a meaningful composition by giving them numbers 1 - 5

- i. In this speech, he promised to buy the products produced by the pupils []
- ii. Standard seven pupils had a cooking project []
- iii. The head teacher talked to the pupils []
- iv. The pupils thanked him and invited him again []
- v. They invited the head teacher to see the project []

**PRESIDENT’S OFFICE RALG
CHAMWINO DISTRICT COUNCIL
MOCK EXAMINATION - APRIL 2024
ENGLISH LANGUAGE - STANDARD VII**

NAME: _____ **SCHOOL:** _____

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. This examination paper has 6 questions
- 2. Answer all questions according to the instruction given
- 3. Cellular phones and other printed materials are not allowed.
- 5. Write your name and examination number on top of the answer sheet.

Time: 1.30

SECTION A: (20 MARKS)

1. Listen carefully to the passage read by an invigilator then answer question i - v by choosing the letter of the correct answer

- i. In which year did Jasmeen complete her primary school?
(a) 2020 (b) 2021 (c) 2018 (d) 2022 (e) No correct answer []
- ii. What is the name of Jasmeen’s young brother? []
(a) Kidando (b) Tupendane (c) Utulivu (d) Elimika (e) Baraka
- iii. Which school does Baraka go?
(a) Kidando Primary School (b) Umoja primary school
(c) Utulivu primary school (d) Elimika primary school
(e) Tupendane primary school []
- iv. Where will Jasmeen and Baraka go in the coming holiday? []
(a) Arusha (b) Dodoma (c) Manyara (d) Mwanza (e) Kigoma
- v. Which National parks will Jasmeen and Baraka visit when they return home? (a) Arusha and Manyara (b) Dodoma and Manyara
(c) Arusha and Dodoma (d) Tarangire and Manyara
(e) Mikumi and Serengeti []

2. Choose the correct answer and then write its letter on space provided

- i. Asha always ____ her relatives when she was young []
(a) Visit (b) visited (c) visits (d) visiting (e) will visit
- ii. Upendo was asked a question by Juma, did you _____ money yesterday?
(a) take (b) took (c) takes (d) taking (e) taken []
- iii. They took our presents some days ago, but they could not remember _____ they had put them (a) which
(b) whose (c) whom (d) what (e) where []
- iv. Before his death, Hamis ____ not only a farmer but also a musician
(a) is (b) was (c) has (d) were (e) have []
- v. They have a nice house. What is a correct tag question?
(a) Do they? (b) have they? (c) haven't they?
(d) don't they? (e) hasn't they? []

3. Fill in the blanks in each of the given sentences by using words provided in the box below

so that, inspite of, is, are, unless, if, so as to, kid, cub

- i. Asha won't go _____ she is invited
- ii. We went to Dubai _____ we could buy genuine products
- iii. Neither teachers nor Hamis _____ dancing music now
- iv. _____ his illness, he went to fight
- v. As a calf is to an elephant as a _____ is to goat

4. Match the meaning in column A with their words in column B

COLUMN 'A'

- i. Serch through things that other people do not want []
- ii. A well trained person to help people in legal matters []
- iii. Walking uncontrolled []
- iv. A place where a dog stays []
- v. It is the antonym of a word grab []

COLUMN 'B'

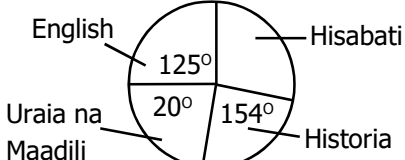
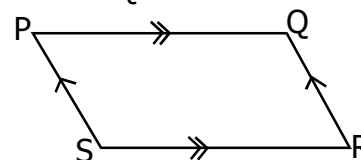
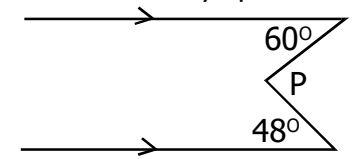
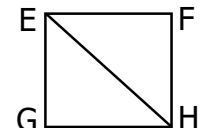
- A: Release B: A kennel C: Scavenge
D: A lawyer E: Depart F: Stagger
G: Forage H: A den

SECTION B (20 MARKS)

5. Fill in the blanks by supplying the correct answer

- i. A group of people listening a speech is called _____
- ii. Words which are spelt the same but different meaning and pronunciation are known as _____
- iii. _____ is a process of forming a new word by adding affixes to the root word
- iv. When Muya was going to shamba, he saw a tree talking happily, which figurative language has been used in the sentence?

- v. He raised a question in the class, is there _____ sugar left?

NA	SWALI	KAZI	JIBU								
7.	<p>SEHEMU C: Maumbo na Takwimu</p> <p>i. Shule tatu za wilaya ya Mkalama ziligawiwa magunia ya mahindi kama ifuatavyo:-</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>SHULE</td> <td>A</td> <td>B</td> <td>C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MAGUNIA</td> <td>MCX</td> <td>CXVIII</td> <td>DCXL</td> </tr> </table> <p>Je, shule A na shule C ziligawiwa jumla ya magunia mangapi?</p> <p>ii. Kielelezo hiki kinaonesha jumla ya vitabu 80 vya uraia na maadili. Tafuta idadi ya vitabu vya somo la hisabati.</p> 	SHULE	A	B	C	MAGUNIA	MCX	CXVIII	DCXL		
SHULE	A	B	C								
MAGUNIA	MCX	CXVIII	DCXL								
8.	<p>i. Mzingo wa msambamba huu ni mita 204. Je nini urefu wa mstari SR ikiwa QR ni mita 30?</p>  <p>ii. Tafuta thamani ya pembe 'P'</p>  <p>iii. Umbo EFGH ni mraba. Tafuta thamani ya pembe EGF</p> 										

OFISI YA RAIS TAMISEMI
HALMASHAURI YA WILAYA CHA CHAMWINO
MTIHANI WA UTAMILIFU - APRIL 2024
HISABATI - DARASA LA VII

JINA: _____ **SHULE:** _____

MAELEKEZO KWA MTAHINIWA:

- Mtihani huu una maswali 8
- Jibu maswali yote kwa usahihi na kwa kufauata maelekezo ya kila swali
- Kazi yako iwe NADHIFU
- Kumbuka kuandika JINA lako na jina la SHULE yako

Muda: Saa 1.30

NA	SWALI	KAZI	JIBU
1.	<p>SEHEMU A: MATENDO YA KIHISABATI (Alama 10).</p> <p>i. $95 + 678 + 9095$</p> <p>ii. $7215 - 4563$</p> <p>iii. 59×447</p> <p>iv. $23400 \div 78$</p> <p>v. $1\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{2}{5}$</p> <p>vi. $6\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{2}{3}$</p> <p>vii. $3\frac{1}{4} \div 1\frac{1}{3}$</p> <p>viii. $0.4 + 0.7$</p> <p>ix. 16.8×2.2</p> <p>x. $12.5 \div 0.25$</p>		
2.	<p>SEHEMU B: MAFUMBO</p> <p>i. Wanafunzi saba waligawiwa kadi zenye namba 2, 9, 4, 1, 0, 3 na kuelekezwa waunde namba nzima mbalimbali</p>		

NA	SWALI	KAZI	JIBU
	kutokana na kadi hizo. Je, ni namba nzima ipi iliyoundwa ambayo ni kubwa kuliko zote?		
	ii. Uzito wa mbuzi 240 ni kilogramu 8, 479, 869 kadiria uzito huu katika maelfu ya karibu.		
	iii. Gabriel aliweka shilingi 180,000/= katika benki inayotoa faida ya 8% kwa mwaka. Alipata faida kiasi gani baada ya miaka 5?		
	iv. Umri wa Juma ni $\frac{1}{4}$ ya umri wa baba yake wa sasa, miaka 10 ijayo umri wa Juma utakuwa $\frac{1}{2}$ ya umri wa baba yake wa wakati huo. Tafuta umri wa baba		
	v. Shule ya msingi Mapambano wanafuga mbuzi watatu. Ikiwa mbuzi wa kwanza kutoa lita 2 za maziwa kwa siku, wa pili hutoa nusu ya mbuzi wa kwanza na wa tatu hutoa $\frac{1}{4}$ ya mbuzi wa kwanza. Jumla ya lita za maziwa zitakazozalishwa kwa siku 5 zitakuwa lita ngapi?		
	vi. Shule ya msingi Mjimwema ina walimu 28, kati yao walimu 18 ni wa kike. Tafuta sehemu ya walimu wa kiume.		
3.	i. Ikiwa namba 101, 1011, 1001 zitapangwa vizuri kuanzia namba kubwa kwenda ndogo zitakuwa katika mpangilio gani? Andika mpangilio huo		
	ii. Makundi matano ya wanafunzi wa darasa la saba walijadiliana na kutoa majibu tofauti kuhusu namba sahihi itakayofuata katika mfululizo		

NA	SWALI	KAZI	JIBU
	huu wa namba 0, 1, 4, 9, _____. Je, ni kundi lipi lilipata jibu sahihi?		
	iii. Namba x igawanye kwa mbili kisha ujumlishe na 10, jibu ni 20. Tafuta thamani ya 'x'		
4.	i. Treni iliondoka Singida saa 1530 na kufika Dodoma saa 2345. Je, ilichukua muda gani?		
	ii. Bei ya Ng'ombe ni mara tano ya bei ya mbuzi. Ikiwa mbuzi aliuzwa kwa shilingi 15,000/=. Tafuta fedha ya kuuza Ng'ombe tisa.		
	iii. Juma alinunua maembe kwa shilingi 6,000/= na akauza maembe hayo kwa shilingi 9,000/=. Tafuta faida aliyopata katika asilimia.		
5.	i. Nyumba 8 ziliuzwa kwa shilingi 5,960,000/=. Tafuta thamani ya nyumba mbili ikiwa nyumba zote ziliuzwa kwa bei moja		
	ii. Ikiwa $m = -7$ na $n = -5$. Tafuta thamani ya $\frac{m + n}{n - m}$		
	iii. Je, ni ipi nafasi ya tarakimu 9 katika namba 2690341		
6.	i. Mwaka mmoja una dakika ngapi ikiwa mwaka huo ni mfupi?		
	ii. Katika ukumbi wa harusi ya Maziku una sehemu 7 kila sehemu ina vitu vilivyopangwa katika safu 60 yenye viti 68. Tafuta jumla ya viti.		
	iii. Makune aliwagawia watoto wake watatu A, B, C, pipi 35 kwa uwiano wa 1:2:4. Je, B alipata pipi ngapi?		

- iii. Important and valuable assets owned by a country, an organisation or an individual _____
- iv. The parliament of the united Republic of Tanzania has two main parts namely (a) _____ (b) _____
- v. Outline two opposition political parties found in Tanzania (a) _____ (b) _____

SECTION C (10 MARKS)

6. Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow:

The United Republic of Tanzania was formed by two countries namely Tanganyika and Zanzibar. Tanganyika got her independence on 9 December, 1961 from the British colonial rule. The later Julius Kambarage Nyerere led the struggle for independence of Tanganyika under the political party called Tanganyika African National Union (TANU).

Zanzibar was led by the later Sheikh Abeid Amani Karume under Afro Shiraz Party (ASP) Zanzibar got her independence through revolution means which was held on 12, January 1964.

These two countries were united together on 26, April 1964 and formed the United Republic of Tanzania. After the Union, the late Mwalimu Julius K. Nyerere became the first president of Tanzania and the vice president became Sheikh Abeid Aman Karume.

QUESTIONS

- i. The United Republic of Tanzania was found on _____
- ii. List down the names of political parties which led the struggle for independence of the two countries (a) _____ (b) _____
- iii. Write in short form of the political parties which led the struggle for independence of Tanganyika (a) _____ (b) _____
- iv. After the Union of Tanganyika and Zanzibar, the political leader of Afro Shiraz Party which position did he hold? _____
- v. Mention the date in which the two countries got independence in particular (a) _____ (b) _____

**PRESIDENT'S OFFICE RALG
CHAMWINO DISTRIC COUNCIL
MOCK EXAMINATION - APRIL 2024
CIVIC AND MORAL - STANDARD VII**

NAME: _____ **SCHOOL:** _____

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. This examination paper has 6 questions
2. Answer all questions according to the instruction given
3. Cellular phones and other printed materials are not allowed.
5. Write your name and examination number on top of the answer sheet.

Time: 1.30 Hrs

SECTION A: (20 MARKS)

- 1. Choose the most correct answer from the given alternatives**
- i. The guidance on the technique of preparing school development plan is done by _____ (a) head teacher (b) assistant head teacher [] (c) school leadership (d) village government (e) ward government
 - ii. A school is a part of the community where by the pupil uses to get education. The followings are important things for school development, EXCEPT [] (a) Water (b) Cold drinks (c) Equipments (d) Food (e) Electricity
 - iii. Good relationship among the Community members is the cataly for the development. What is the effects of bad relation ship? (a) Violence and Love (b) Hatied and Love (c) Poverty and Ignorance (d) Conflicts and fighting (e) Gossiping and Poverty []
 - iv. Nacharo is 12 years old and she is in standard five at Chekeni Mwasonga Primary School. In which level of education will Nacharo be at the time that, she will have the right to vote? [] (a) standard seven (b) form one (c) form two (d) form three (e) form four
 - v. I am a part of the national symbol, I am representing the fertile soil in my country. Who am I? [] (a) Mr and Mrs (b) Elephant task (c) Red portion (d) Hammer (e) Cotton
 - vi. Why is it important for the pupils to ask questions? [] (a) to be able teach each other (b) to maintain discipline in the class (c) To be known (d) To rejoyce teachers (e) to get more clarification
 - vii. Tradition and customs are important elements in any community in the world. Although there are outdated traditions and customs which of the following is not outdated traditions and customs. [] (a) To respect elders (b) killings of old people and people in the albinism (c) Early marriage (d) female genital mutilation (e) window inheritance

- viii. A situation of one nation from not being colonised with another nation is called Freedom. Who has responsibility to protect freedom and unity of our nation? (a) Police officers (b) TPDF (c) SUMA NS (JKT) (d) Every citizen (e) soldiers of the borders []
- ix. Which of the following is not relating with water sources pollution? (a) farming a long the river banks (b) washing clothes in the river (c) taking shower in the river (d) urinating along the river banks (e) using proper and safe fishing methods []
- x. Corruption is an enemy of justice and is an obstacle to the community development. Which number will you dial to inform and report to authorities dealing with prevention and combating for corruption? (a) 111 (b) 911 (c) 113 (d) 112 (e) 115 []

2. Match the items in list 'A' with their corresponding responses in the list 'B' by writing the letter of the correct answer in a given space (5) marks

LIST 'A'

- i. Having national unity []
- ii. Fire fighting []
- iii. Faithfulness []
- iv. Human dignity []
- v. Patriotism []

LIST 'B'

- A: Working with skills and knowledge to bring about development in the community
- B: People, money, land and time
- C: The result of good relationship in the community
- D: Trusting in everything that you are told
- E: All the actions which prevent things from continuing to burn or prevent things from being burnt.
- F: A special vehicle with siren and red light
- G: Having a common stand on national issues
- H: An out of valuing human dignity
- I: Human value or worth
- J: The strong and rich country economically

3. Fill the spaces provided

- i. Mawazo refused to sit the same desk with a fellow pupil with skin disease. Which act shown by Mawazo _____
- ii. The chief executive of the district council who is appointed by the president of the United Republic of Tanzania is called _____
- iii. Write term which implies the document with specific procedures to coordinate various activities without being paid or forced _____
- iv. The laws are enacted by the parliament. The organ that interprets laws in the country is called _____
- v. The government system which involves majority of mak in decision making for the interest of the all people is called _____

SECTION B: (20 MARKS)

4. Complete the following chart by filling the missing information

No	PRESIDENT'S NAME	TENURE	TIME	
			BEGINNING	END
i		THE FIFTH PHASE GOVERNMENT	2015	2021
ii	ALI HASSAN MWINYI	THE SECOND PHASE GOVERNMENT		1995
iii	JAKAYA MRISHO KIKWETE		2005	2015
iv		THE SIX PHASE GOVERNMENT	2021	To date
v	BENJAMIN WILIAM MKAPA	THE THIRD PHASE GOVERNMENT		

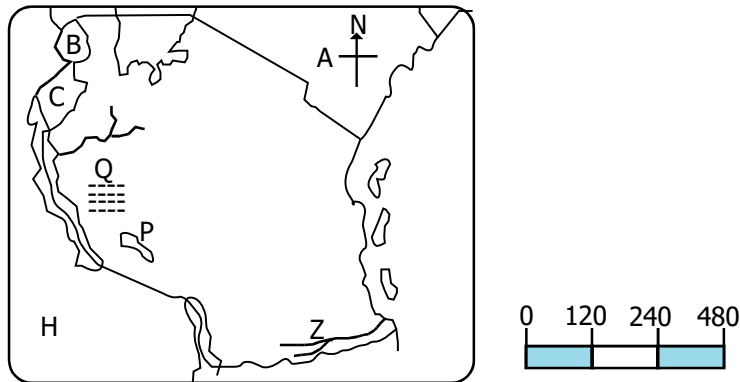
5. Fill the spaces provided by writing the short correct answers

- i. The assistant of District Commissioner who is appointed by the president and he/she is sworn in by the district commissioner. He or she also prepares national celebrations and events within the district is known as _____
- ii. The civic and moral education teacher advised pupils to abstain from risky environment. Mention two places which are not risky environment (a) _____ (b) _____

6. Starting from the 20th C Tanganyika became under the British colonial rule.
- Which historical events occurred in the world and had effect which made Tanganyika to become under British control _____
 - Mention the type of colonial rule which the British used to colonised Tanganyika _____

SECTION C: MAP READING

7. **Read carefully the map of Tanzania below and then answer the questions (i - iv).**



- Write the name of the Lake shown by letter P _____
- Which way of representing a scale has been used on the map?

- Letter Z is representing which river found at the border of Tanzania?

- Letter Q is representing which national Park _____
- The meeting of the General Assembly of the United Nations on Global climate changes through which President Samia is expected to attend is planned to be held in Sydney Australia located at longitude 150°East. If the minister of Environment will start to make a follow up on Monday at 11:00 pm in Kigali - Rwanda located at 30°East, What time and date will the meeting begin in Sydney - Australia?

**PRESIDENT'S OFFICE RALG
CHAMWINO DISTRICT COUNCIL
MOCK EXAMINATION - APRIL 2024**

SOCIAL STUDIES AND VOCATIONAL SKILLS - STANDARD VII

NAME: _____ SCHOOL: _____

INSTRUCTIONS:

- This examination paper has 7 questions
- Answer all questions according to the instruction given
- Cellular phones and other printed materials are not allowed.
- Write your name and examination number on top of the answer sheet.

Time: 1.30 Hrs

SECTION A: Multiple choices and matching items

- 1. Choose the letter of the correct answer in the provided space and write the letter in the box spaces provided at the end of this question**

- In 2016, Kagera region experienced the shaking and vibration of the earth crust which resulted into destruction of settlement of people, destruction of infrastructure like schools and death of people. What is the name of that disaster? (a) Tsunami (b) Landslide (c) Fire outbreak (d) Earth quake (e) volcanic eruption []
- Social studies teacher of class seven Mr Chaijaba told his pupils that man discovered fire by chopping and scratching two dry pieces of wood. What was the name of those woods.
(a) Uwimbombo and Stone (b) Undimbo and Ulindi (c) Uwimbombo and Ulindi (d) Ulindi and Cactus (e) Leaves and Uwimbombo []
- Transportation is a key sector in any country's economy development. Tanzania and Zambia made effort of constructing a pipeline so as to facilitate the transportation of oil. What is the name given to that pipeline?
(a) TAZARA (b) TARAZA (c) TAMAZA (d) TAZAMA (e) TAOMA []
- Keeping a large size of livestock in small area causes environmental destruction. What is the negative effects of keeping large size of livestock in a small area?
(a) Pastoralists getting tired (b) soil erosion (c) additional pasture (d) Livestock getting fat (e) vegetation grows well []
- Mr. Chakubanga visited Usambara mountain ranges and determined that the eastern part of the mountain has green vegetation, while the western part of the mountain has no vegetation and is covered with scattered shrubs, a such situation is affected by which factors of climate []
(a) Wind (b) altitude (c) latitude (d) topography (e) distance from the sea
- Different crops are cultivated in various parts of our country: Which region are famous for cultivation of Tobacco among the mentioned below?

- (a) Tanga, Morogoro and Mara (b) Tabora, Ruvuma and Katavi
 (c) Iringa, Mwanza and Kilimanjaro (d) Dar es Salaam, Arusha and
 Kilimanjaro (e) Tanga, Mbeya and Rukwa []
- vii. Mr. Pilipili taught his pupils characteristics of various components of solar system. Which components of solar system is found between the orbit of Mars and Jupiter? []
 (a) Planets (b) Sun (c) Moon (d) Asteroids (e) Stars
- viii. Standard five pupils are planning to visit a place where memories of historical events about the past are kept. Which place do pupils plan to visit? []
 (a) Archives (b) Museum (c) Historical site (d) National Parks (e) Kaole site
- ix. One day standard six pupils at Mbuyuni Primary School visited one of the mineral market in Tanzania they found one of the precious mineral in which the geologist informed them that one of the function of that mineral is to make nuclear bombs; what was the name of that minerals and in which part the pupils believed to visit?
 (a) Mica - Ulanga (b) Diamond - Mwadui (c) Uranium - Bahi
 (d) Tanzanite - Simanjiro (e) Gold - Geita []
- x. From Tanzania slaves were taken to the middle East, where they performed various activities, which one among the mentioned below was not performed by slaves? (a) worked in agricultural plantations (b) worked as domestic slaves (c) Used as objects of entertainment (d) They became merchants in Asia (e) Used as labourers in construction works []
- xi. You have been asked by your vocational skills teacher to mention the importance of ironing and cleaning school uniform, which one will not fit in the list? (a) To remove folds (b) kill germs that cause disease (c) To make the clothes shiny and attractive (d) To make use of soap and buy more (e) Promote pupils smartness []
- xii. Mwajuma prepared the following ingredients salt, wheat, yeast, sugar and cooking oil, which was likely to be prepared? []
 (a) Roasted meat (b) grilling meat (c) Bread (d) Kebabs (e) rice
- xiii. Adhening to good grooming practices help the body to grow us healthy and strong the following are steps to be formed when cleaning the body EXCEPT (a) Washing the entire body (b) Wearing clothes (c) Applying petroleum jelly or lotion (d) Drying the body (e) Washing utensils []
- xiv. Musical Instruments are tools that are used in music and performances; generally these are five groups of musical instruments, which one is not among the following? (a) Wind instrument (b) Drum musical instrument []
 (c) percussion instrument (d) string instrument (e) melodical instrument
- xv. Hassan is an entrepreneur who has employed eight people in his projects. In which category of entrepreneur ship does he belong?
 (a) small entrepreneurship (b) Micro entrepreneurship
 (c) Medium entrepreneurship (d) large entrepreneurship
 (e) social entrepreneurship []

2. Match the following items in list 'A' with corresponding answers list 'B' by writing their letter in the answer column provided

LIST 'A'

- i. The traditional dance of Makonde []
 ii. The minerals used for making electric wires and other appliances []
 iii. The standard unit of the amount of water vapour []
 iv. A person who specialized in drawing maps []
 v. A full shadow that occurs during the solar eclipse []

LIST 'B'

- | | | |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------|
| A: Millibars | B: Percentage | C: Cartographer |
| D: Umbra | E: Penumbra | F: Diamond |
| G: Copper | H: Sindimba | I: Mdumange |

SECTION B: (Short answers)

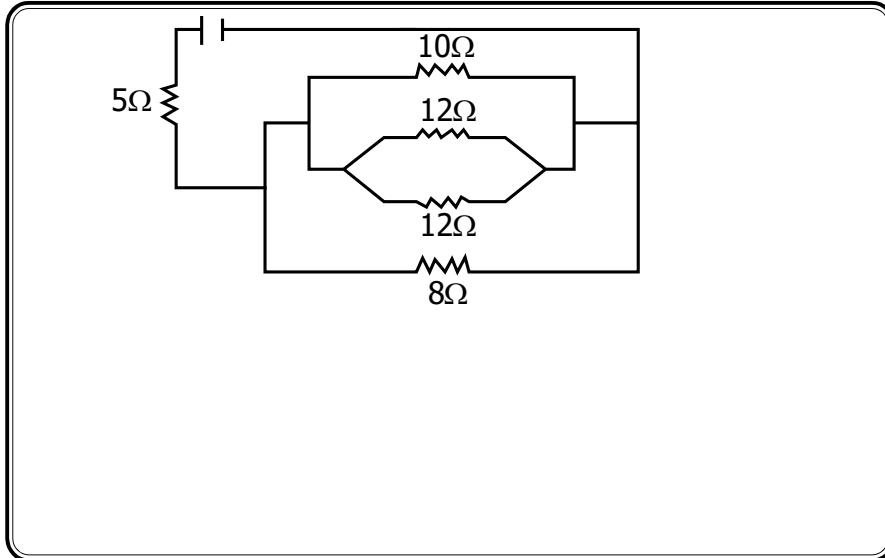
3. i. Briefly explain two objectives of the Southern African Development Community (SADC)
 (a) _____ (b) _____
- ii. Mangula is a standard six pupil one day was asked by his social studies teacher that the average of atmospheric condition recorded over a short period of time is called weather. Who is an expert on the study of weather? What do you think was Mangula's answer? _____
- iii. In 1964, Nelson Mandela was sentenced to life imprisonment by Boers government. What was the reason for that sentence?

4. i. What is the path that planets use when revolving around the sun?

- ii. Briefly explain two importance of the sun in our renvironment
 (a) _____ (b) _____
- iii. Mention two ways that may foster Agricultural development in our country
 (a) _____ (b) _____
5. i. The people of Karagwe usually prefer to cover their banana plants with tree leaves and grass to preserve moisture and improve the condition of soil. How do we call that process? _____
- ii. What is a Ngonjera? _____

SECTION C: Picture, Drawing and calculation

7. i. Find the total resistance in a circuit below



ii. Observe the chemical reaction bellow between acid and metal



What does x represent _____

iii. Standard five pupils at Mumba Primary School was asked to convert 25°C into fahrenheit. You as a Mumba student find the correct answer

8. i. Plants use photosynthesis process to manufacture their own food using water, carbondioxide, chrolophyl in the presence of sunlight. Support the sentence by writing chemical equation of photosynthesis

ii. Living things consists of plants and animals. Plants are divided into two groups. What are those group?

(a) _____ (b) _____

**PRESIDENT'S OFFICE RALG
CHAMWINO DISTRICT COUNCIL
MOCK EXAMINATION - APRIL 2024
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY - STANDARD VII**

NAME: _____ SCHOOL: _____

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. This examination paper has 8 questions
2. Answer all questions according to the instruction given
3. Cellular phones and other printed materials are not allowed.
5. Write your name and examination number on top of the answer sheet.

Time: 1.30 Hrs

SECTION A: (20 marks)

1. Choose the letter of the correct answer

- i. The process of movement of water molecules from a region of lower concetration to the region of higher concetration is called []
(a) Diffusion (b) Photosythesis (c) Osmosis (d) Transpiration (e) Reproduction
- ii. Standard six science teacher taught the pupils that animals and plant are in a certain group. What is the group do you think the pupils mentioned?
(a) Dicotyledon (b) Living things (c) Amphibia (d) Reptilia (e) Non - living things []
- iii. Wheelbarrow is a simple machine used to carry luggage from one point to another. Which one is the correct arrangement of the level parts of a wheelbarrow? (a) Effort is between fulcrum and wheel (b) Load is between fulcrum and load (c) Effort is between fulcum and load (d) Fulcrum is between effort and load (e) Fulcum is between load and wheel []
- iv. Why are mothers advised to breastfeed their babies for atleast two years?
(a) milk makes babies to eat (b) milk makes babies sleep (c) milk has all the nutrients (d) babies like milk (e) if not breastfed, babies cry []
- v. The narrow tube in plant which transport water and disolved materials from the soil to plant through roots is called ____ []
(a) Phloem (b) Epidermis (c) Chloroplast (d) Xylem (e) Vein
- vi. Teacher Dogo gave his pupils a simple machine with a velocity ratio of 20 and its mechanical advantage is 10. Find the efficiency of that simple machine
(a) 150% (b) 128% (c) 100% (d) 50% (e) 75% []
- vii. District Commissioner advised the society to keep their toilets clean in order to avoid disease. Which disease among the following is talked about?
(a) Malaria (b) HIV/AIDS (c) Cholera (d) sickle cell (e) Asthma []
- viii. Which among this living organism is viviporaus []
(a) Lizard (b) Ostrich (c) Hen (d) Dolphin (e) Crocodile

- ix. Maganga wrote the word FAO on a paper and put it in front of the plane mirror. Which image will occur in front of that mirror?
 (a) OAF (b) FOA (c) OAF (d) OFA (e) AOF []
- x. Some animals have the ability to live in desert areas due to their ability of keeping water and food for a long time. Which animal among the following have such behaviors
 (a) camel (b) lion (c) tortoise (d) crab (e) frog []

2. Match the items in list 'A' with those in list 'B' by writing the letter of the correct answer

LIST 'A'

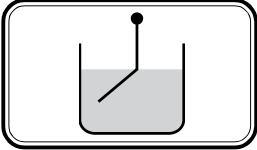
- i. $C_6H_{12}O_6$ []
- ii. Largest space of the atmosphere []
- iii. Condition for iron to rust []
- iv. Computer []
- v. Movement []

LIST B

- A: The ability of an organism to move from one point to another
 B: The main product of photosynthesis
 C: Nitrogen
 D: Presence of water and oxygen gas
 E: A device that accepts information and manipulates it for some result based on a program

3. Fill the blanks by writing the correct answer

- i. A person who is professionally qualified to prepare and dispense medical drugs is called _____
- ii. After medical diagnosis, the doctor told Mwambenja that he was suffering from Malaria. What is the parasite found in Mwambenja's blood? _____
- iii. Which organ in the male reproductive system performs two different tasks of two different systems of reproduction and excretion? _____

- iv.  Kapita did an experiment as it is shown. The experiment proves that light _____ as it passes from one medium to another
- v. The first step in conducting a scientific investigation is _____

SECTION B: SHORT ANSWER (20 marks)

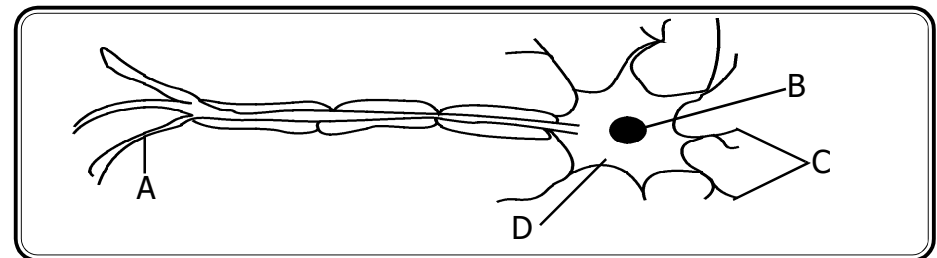
4. Mention three agents of pollination in a flower

- i. _____
- ii. _____
- iii. _____

5. Describe briefly these terms

- i. Physical change _____
- ii. Antenna _____
- iii. Balanced diet _____

6. Observe the diagram below then answer the question



- i. Letter A represents _____
- ii. Letter B represents _____
- iii. What is the function of the part represented by letter C? _____
- iv. Letter D represents _____

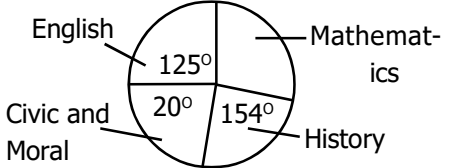
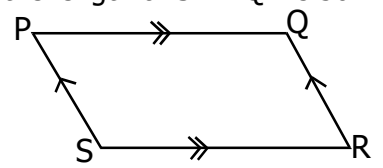
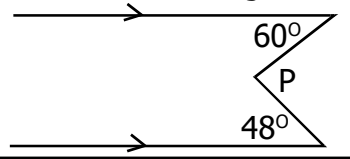
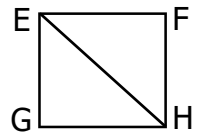
**PRESIDENT'S OFFICE RALG
CHAMWINO DISTRICT COUNCIL
MOCK EXAMINATION - APRIL 2024
MATHEMATICS - STANDARD VII**

NAME: _____ **SCHOOL:** _____

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. This examination paper has 8 questions
2. Answer all questions according to the instruction given
3. Cellular phones and other printed materials are not allowed.
5. Write your name and examination number on top of the answer sheet.

Time: 2.00 Hrs

NO	QUESTION	WORK	ANSWER								
7.	<p>SECTION C: STATISTICS AND FIGURES</p> <p>i. Three schools of Mkalama district were given maize sucks as follows</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">SCHOOL</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">A</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">B</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">C</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">SUCKS</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">MCX</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">CXVIII</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">DCXL</td> </tr> </table> <p>What was the total number of suck were given in school A and C?</p>	SCHOOL	A	B	C	SUCKS	MCX	CXVIII	DCXL		
	SCHOOL	A	B	C							
SUCKS	MCX	CXVIII	DCXL								
	<p>ii. The following figure shows of 80 books of Civic and Moral. Find the total number of mathematics book</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>										
8.	<p>i. The perimeter of the following parallelogram is 204m. What is the length of SR if QR is 30m</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>										
	<p>ii. Find the value of angle 'P'</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>										
	<p>iii. The figure EFGH is square. Find the value of angle EGF</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>										

NO	QUESTION	WORK	ANSWER
1.	<p>SECTION A (10 Marks) MATHEMATICAL OPERATIONS</p> <p>i. $95 + 678 + 9095$</p>		
	ii. $7215 - 4563$		
	iii. 59×447		
	iv. $23400 \div 78$		
	v. $1\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{2}{5}$		
	vi. $6\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{2}{3}$		
	vii. $3\frac{1}{4} \div 1\frac{1}{3}$		
	viii. $0.4 + 0.7$		
	ix. 16.8×2.2		
	x. $12.5 \div 0.25$		
2.	<p>SECTION B: WORD PROBLEM</p> <p>i. Seven pupils were given cards numbers 2, 9, 4, 1, 0, 3 and were required to form various kind of numbers. What was the largest possible number formed?</p>		

NO	QUESTION	WORK	ANSWER
	ii. The weight of 240 goats was 8,479,869 kg. Round off the weight of goats to nearest thousands.		
	iii. Gabriel deposited 180,000 shilings in the bank that provide a rate of 8% per year. What profit he made after 5 years?		
	iv. Jumas age is $\frac{1}{4}$ of his father's age now. 10 years later the age of Juma will be $\frac{1}{2}$ of his father's age for that time. Find the age of his father.		
	v. Mapambano Primary School keeps 3 goats. If the first goat provides 2 litres of milk per day. The second goat provides half of the first goat and the third goat provides $\frac{1}{4}$ of the first goat. Find the total litres of milk provided by the goats in 5 days		
	vi. Mjimwema primary school has 28 teachers. Out of them 18 were the female teachers. Find the fraction of male teachers.		
3.	i. If these numbers 101, 1011, 1001 will be arranged in descending order. How it will be		
	ii. Five groups standard seven pupils discussed and provided different answer about the collect next number in a series of 0, 1, 4, 9, _____. What was the correct next number		

NO	QUESTION	WORK	ANSWER
	iii. If number x is divided by two and then is added by 10. The answer is 20. Find the value of x		
4.	i. A train was left in Singida at 1530 hours and arrived Dodoma at 2345 hours. If took how many hours?		
	ii. A price of a cow is five times a price of a goat. If a goat was sold at 15,000 shilings. Find the price of selling nine cows		
	iii. Juma bought mangoes for 6000 shilings and sold them at 9,000 shilings. Find the profit he made in percentage.		
5.	i. 8 houses were sold at 5,960,000/= shilings. Find the value of two houses, if all houses were sold in the same price		
	ii. If $m = -7$ and $n = -5$. Find the value of $\frac{m + n}{n - m}$		
	iii. What is the place value of digit 9 in number 2,690,341		
6.	i. In a short year how many minutes are there?		
	ii. In a Maziku wedding hall has 7 places. In each place has 68 arranged chairs in 60 rows. Find the number of chairs.		
	iii. Makune shared 35 sweets for his three child A, B and C at the ration of 1:2:4. How many sweets shared by B?		

KISWAHILI - 11

Kifungu hiki cha maneno/hadithi itasomwa na msimamizi wa mthani kwa makini kisha mtahiniwa atajibu swali la 1 - 5

Watoto ni Taifa la Kesho. Kwa msingi huo malezi ya Watoto ni jukumu la Taifa zima. Taifa imara na lenye watu wenye akili nzuri na afya bora hutokana na Watoto waliozaliwa na kulelewa katika mazingira yanayofaa. Watoto hawana uwezo wa kujitetea wala kupigania haki zao ili waweze kukua kimaumbile na kiakili wanahitaji msaada wa watu wazima kuwatimizia mahitaji yao.

Watoto wanapaswa wakue katika mazingira ya kifamilia yaliyo katika hali ya furaha, upendo na uelewano. Hapa Tanzania matatizo ya malezi kwa Watoto wetu ni makubwa sana. Baadhi yake yapo chini ya uwezo wetu. Matatizo hayo husababishwa na badhi ya wanajamii wenyewe ambao kwa sababu mbalimbali hawajayapa kipaumbele masuala yote yanayohusu ufumbuzi wa matatizo na mendeleo yamtoto katika elimu, mavazi, chakula, malazi na upendo.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE - 11

Read the following passage carefully and then candidates must answer the questions that follows (1 - 5)

My best friend Samwel was selected to join Form one at Juhudi secondary school which is in Iloloma village. However he did not join the school for three months because he did not have a school uniform. One day, he visited the English teacher at Umoja Primary school so he could tell him his problem. The teacher agreed to buy him the school uniform he needed in order that he could start school. Samwel thanked his former teacher for helping him.

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